Инфинитив. The Infinitive

V0 - to call, see, detect – (not to come, not find)

Без частицы to:

1. can, could, must, may, might, should, would You can take the magazine.

2. had better, would rather He'd better hurry up!

make, haveWhat makes you think so?

4. let Let me think a bit.

5. hear, see, feel, observe etc. We saw him cross the street.

6. Will, do etc. I will be there.

Функции:

1. подлежащее

To find out the truth is very important.

2. часть составного сказуемого

a) именного - The problem is to find the solution quickly.

b) глагольного - They may **go**.

3. дополнение

I was asked to help.

4. определение

The book to be published is his best one.

5. обстоятельство

Not to be late we had to take a taxi.

Формы:

	active	passive
Simple	(to) ask	(to) be asked
Continuous	(to) be asking	
Perfect	(to) have asked	(to) have been asked
Perfect Continuous	(to) have been asking	

I am glad <u>to see</u> you. I am glad <u>to have seen</u> you. They may <u>be waiting</u> outside.

Объектный инфинитивный оборот (Complex Object)

местоимение (объектн.) + (to) + Infinitive существительное

I want <u>her to help</u> me. We expected <u>the letter to have been received</u>. See, watch, observe, notice, listen, hear, feel, smell, make, let – **6e3 to** I always listen to him play the piano.

Субъектный инфинитивный оборот

местоимение (именит.) + (сказуемое) + to + Infinitive существительное 1 2 2

The vase is said to be unique.

Сказуемое в Passive

Say, state, report, suppose, think, expect, see, hear, know, believe etc. The summit *was reported* to start in March.

Сказуемое в Active Seem, appear, prove, turn out, happen etc. The weather *appears* to be changing.

Be sure, be certain - наверняка, be likely – вероятно etc. He is likely to come.

For-to-Infinitive Construction

a) It is easy for me to answer that question.

b) To answer that question is easy for me.

Глаголы, используемые с инфинитивом:

Afford Agree, consent Appear, seem Arrange, prepare, plan Ask, beg Care Claim, demand Decide Deserve Expect, hope Fail Hesitate Learn Manage Mean Need Offer Pretend Promise Refuse Swear Threaten Volunteer Wait Want, wish

I failed to start the engine.

Глаголы, используемые с объектным инфинитивным оборотом:

Advise Allow, permit Cause, force, encourage, urge Convince, persuade Dare Forbid Hire Instruct, teach Invite Order, require, tell Remind Warn They forced <u>him to explain</u> the situation.

Разница в использовании Ving и Infinitive:

 Ving = V
 Start, begin, continue, intend, bother, like, love, hate, can't stand, can't bear etc.
 We began <u>reading</u>.
 We began <u>to read</u>.
 NB: like, love, hate – I like <u>living</u> here. (уже существующая ситуация) I like <u>to live</u> in the country.

2. hear, see etc.I heard him singing = I heard that he was singing.I heard the door bang.

3. remember, forgetI remember taking the book. (уже сделал)Remember to take the book! (нужно сделать)

4. try
He is trying to learn English. (прилагать усилия, стараться)
He tried opening the window because it was too hot in the room. (пытаться сделать, получится или нет)
5. stop
They stopped talking.
They stopped to talk to her. (чтобы – цель)

6. need

The door needs painting. I need to paint the door.